Reg. No.



CAH 502

Third Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2018 (CBCS : 2016-17 Syllabus) Analytical Chemistry BIOANALYTICAL AND RADIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: i) Answer Part – **A** and **any four** questions from Part – **B**.

ii) Figures to the right indicate marks.

PART – A

1. Answer all the following sub-divisions:

 $(9 \times 2 = 18)$

- a) Give the classification of membrane electrodes.
- b) What are the characteristics of ideal biosensors?
- c) Outline the applications of glucose biosensors.
- d) Write the characteristic properties of α , β and γ radiations.
- e) Find the radioactivity of 1g sample of ²²⁶Ra given that t½:1620 years and Avogadro's number is 6.023×10²³.
- f) Highlight the biological effects of radiations.
- g) Write any two applications of radioactive tracers in analytical chemistry.
- h) Explain the terms; antigens and antibodies.
- i) Give the significance of radio immunoassay.

PART - B

Answer any four full questions:

 $(4 \times 13 = 52)$

- 2. a) With a neat sketch, explain the construction and working of an enzyme electrode.
 - b) Write a note on botanical biosensor.
 - c) Discuss the theory and applications of alcohol biosensors.

(5+4+4)

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- 3. a) Explain the working principle and applications of enzyme based calorimeter.
 - b) Give an account of optical sensors, with respect to their working and applications.
 - c) Describe the construction and working of gas sensing electrode. (4+5+4)
- 4. a) Describe the method of determining the radioactivity by GM Counter.
 - b) Explain briefly on radiolysis of gases, liquids and solids.
 - c) Write a note on hazards in radiochemical work.

(4+5+4)

- 5. a) Outline the industrial applications of radiation chemistry.
 - b) Explain how the pulse radiolysis technique is useful for the study of transient species.
 - c) Give an account of radioactive waste management.

(4+4+5)

- 6. a) Define rate of disintegration and explain disintegration theory.
 - b) Give an account of instrumentation for radiobioassay.
 - c) Discuss the basic principle and applications of isotopic dilution analysis. (5+4+4)
- 7. a) Explain the basic principles of radiometric titrations. Outline its applications.
 - b) Write brief note on enzymatic immunoassay.
 - c) Outline the principle and applications of radioimmunoassay of insulin.

(5+4+4)